# UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

Northern District of California (Oakland)

# Notice of Chapter 13 Bankruptcy Case, Meeting of Creditors, & Deadlines A chapter 13 bankruptcy case concerning the debtor(s) listed below was filed on 6/3/13.

You may be a creditor of the debtor. This notice lists important deadlines. You may want to consult an attorney to protect your rights. All documents filed in the case may be inspected at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed below. NOTE: The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice.

## Creditors — Do not file this notice in connection with any proof of claim you submit to the court. **See Reverse Side For Important Explanations**

Charles James Lopez Maryanne Subido Lopez 324 Blue Lake Court 324 Blue Lake Court Oakley, CA 94561 Oakley, CA 94561

Case Number: Social Security/Individual Taxpayer ID/Employer Tax ID/Other 13-43244 Nos.:

xxx-xx-8320 xxx-xx-7229

Attorney for Debtor(s) (name and address): Bankruptcy Trustee (name and address):

Debtor(s) (name(s) used by the debtor(s) in the last 8 years, including married, maiden, trade, and address):

Joan M. Grimes Martha G. Bronitsky Law Offices of Joan M. Grimes P.O. Box 9077 1600 S Main St. #100 Pleasanton, CA 94566

Walnut Creek, CA 94596 Telephone number: (925) 621-1900

Telephone number: (925) 939-1680

# **Meeting of Creditors**

Date: July 11, 2013 Time: 11:00 AM Location: Office of the U.S. Trustee, 1301 Clay St. Room 680N, Oakland, CA 94612

Important Notice to Individual Debtors: The United States Trustee requires all debtors who are individuals to provide government-issued photo identification and proof of social security number to the trustee at the meeting of creditors.

## **Deadlines:**

Papers must be *received* by the bankruptcy clerk's office by the following deadlines:

## **Deadline to File a Proof of Claim:**

For all creditors (except a governmental unit): 10/9/13

For a governmental unit (except as otherwise provided in Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3002 (c)(1)): 12/2/13

#### Creditor with a Foreign Address:

A creditor to whom this notice is sent at a foreign address should read the information under "Claims" on the reverse side.

### Deadline to Object to Debtor's Discharge or to Challenge Dischargeability of Certain Debts: 9/9/13

The case is subject to dismissal, without further notice, upon failure of the debtor to commence making payments called for in the plan, not later than 30 days after the date of the filing of the plan or the order for relief, whichever is earlier. At the confirmation hearing the court may dismiss or convert the case or continue the hearing without prior notice upon a determination the debtor(s) is unable to present a feasible plan. Written objections to confirmation must be filed with the court at or before the Meeting of Creditors and served upon the trustee, Debtor(s), and Debtors' Attorney.

#### **Deadline to Object to Exemptions:**

Thirty (30) days after the *conclusion* of the meeting of creditors.

## Filing of Plan, Hearing on Confirmation of Plan

If the debtor has already filed a proper Chapter 13 Plan, the Plan or a summary of the plan is enclosed. If the debtor has not yet filed a proper Chapter 13 Plan, the Plan or summary will be sent separately. Notice of confirmation hearing will be sent separately.

## **Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions:**

In most instances, the filing of the bankruptcy case automatically stays certain collection and other actions against the debtor, the debtor's property, and certain codebtors. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court to extend or impose a stay. If you attempt to collect a debt or take other action in violation of the Bankruptcy Code, you may be penalized. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case.

	For the Court:  Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court:  Gloria L. Franklin
Hours Open: Monday – Friday 9:00 AM – 4:30 PM	Date: 6/5/13

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**EXPLANATIONS** FORM B9I (12/12) A bankruptcy case under Chapter 13 of the Bankruptcy Code (title 11, United States Code) has been filed in this Filing of Chapter 13 Bankruptcy Case court by the debtor(s) listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered. Chapter 13 allows an individual with regular income and debts below a specified amount to adjust debts pursuant to a plan. A plan is not effective unless confirmed by the bankruptcy court. You may object to confirmation of the plan and appear at the confirmation hearing. A copy or summary of the plan, if not enclosed, will be sent to you later, and if the confirmation hearing is not indicated on the front of this notice, you will be sent notice of the confirmation hearing. The debtor will remain in possession of the debtor's property and may continue to operate the debtor's business, if any, unless the court orders otherwise. Legal Advice The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case. Creditors Generally Prohibited collection actions against the debtor and certain codebtors are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 362 and § May Not Take Certain 1301. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail or otherwise to Actions demand repayment; taking actions to collect money or obtain property from the debtor; repossessing the debtor's property; starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures; and garnishing or deducting from the debtor's wages. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court to extend or impose a stay. Meeting of Creditors A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time, and location listed on the front side. The debtor (both spouses in a joint case) must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and by creditors. Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may be continued and concluded at a later date specified in a notice filed with the court. Claims A Proof of Claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. A Proof of Claim form ("Official Form B 10") can be obtained at the United States Courts website: (http://www.uscourts.gov/FormsAndFees/Forms/BankruptcyForms.aspx) or at any bankruptcy clerk's office. A secured creditor retains rights in its collateral regardless of whether that creditor files a Proof of Claim. If you do not file a Proof of Claim by the "Deadline to file a Proof of Claim" listed on the front side, you might not be paid any money on your claim from other assets in the bankruptcy case. To be paid you must file a Proof of Claim even if your claim is listed in the schedules filed by the debtor. Filing a Proof of Claim submits the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court, with consequences a lawyer can explain. For example, a secured creditor who files a Proof of Claim may surrender important nonmonetary rights, including the right to a jury trial. Creditor with a Foreign Address: The deadlines for filing claims set forth on the front of this notice apply to all creditors. If this notice has been mailed to a creditor at a foreign address, the creditor may file a motion requesting the court to extend the deadline. Do not include this notice with any filing you make with the court. Discharge of Debts The debtor is seeking a discharge of most debts, which may include your debt. A discharge means that you may never try to collect the debt from the debtor. If you believe that a debt owed to you is not dischargeable under Bankruptcy Code § 523 (a)(2) or (4), you must file a complaint — or a motion if you assert the discharge should be denied under \$727(a)(8) or (a)(9) — in the bankruptcy clerk's office by the "Deadline to Object to Debtor's Discharge or to Challenge the Dischargeability of Certain Debts" listed on the front of this form. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the complaint and any required filing fee by that deadline. **Exempt Property** The debtor is permitted by law to keep certain property as exempt. Exempt property will not be sold and distributed to creditors, even if the debtor's case is converted to chapter 7. The debtor must file a list of all property claimed as exempt. You may inspect that list at the bankruptcy clerk's office. If you believe that an exemption claimed by the debtor is not authorized by law, you may file an objection to that exemption. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the objection by the "Deadline to Object to Exemptions" listed on the front side.

-- Refer to Other Side for Important Deadlines and Notices --

Any paper that you file in this bankruptcy case should be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed on the front side. You may inspect all papers filed, including the list of the debtor's property and debts and the list of property claimed as exempt, at the bankruptcy clerk's office.

Consult a lawyer familiar with United States bankruptcy law if you have any questions regarding your rights in this

Bankruptcy Clerk's

Creditor with a

Foreign Address

Office

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